School Day AF

Except as otherwise provided in the negotiated agreement for staff members covered thereby, the board shall establish the time of beginning and of ending the school day and other time schedules.

Approved: Approved August 15, 2018

WAIVER OF NOTICE

I hereby waive the written notice re	equired under the provisions of K.S.A.
72-1138 as to the time, place, and purpose	of a special meeting of the Board of
Education of Unified School District No	, State of Kansas, held on
, 20	
	Member, Board of Education
Attest:	Member, Board of Education
Clerk, Board of Education Unified School District No County	
State of Kansas	

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Approved: Approved: August 15, 2018

BCBG Voting Method

The board shall take action by way of motions. No motion may be acted

BCBG

upon until it has been seconded by a board member. The vote on all motions shall

be by "yes" and "no" and will be taken by a show of hands or other public voting

method. Following each vote, the president shall announce the motion carried or

failed by a vote of ___ affirmative votes to ___ negative votes. The minutes shall

indicate whether a motion passed or failed. Each board member shall have the

privilege of explaining any vote.

Any abstaining vote shall be counted as a "no" vote. (See KSA 72-1138)

Any member may declare a conflict of interest in a particular issue and

shall leave the meeting room until discussion and voting on the matter is

The minutes shall note that a particular member has declared a

conflict of interest and left. The minutes shall also record the time the member

left the meeting and when the member returned to the board meeting.

Approved:

KASB Approved: August 15, 2018

The district budget shall be prepared by the superintendent in cooperation with selected district employees and shall reflect the district's educational goals.

The superintendent shall follow the adopted budget.

The district shall fund the operating budget according to approved fiscal and budgetary procedures required by the State of Kansas.

Budget Forms

Budget forms used shall be those prepared and recommended by the Kansas State Department of Education. Budget summary documents shall be prepared on forms provided by the Kansas State Department of Education.

<u>Priorities</u>

The board will establish priorities for the district on a short-term, intermediate, and long-range basis.

Deadlines and Schedules

Deadlines and time schedules shall be established by the board.

Encumbrances

An encumbrance shall be made when a purchase is made or when an approved purchase order is processed. All encumbrances shall be charged to a specific fund. All necessary encumbrances shall be made by the superintendent.

Recommendations

Recommendations of the superintendent and professional staff concerning the district's budget allocations will be presented to the board prior to submission of the tentative draft budget. All superintendent and staff recommendations will be presented to the board no later than the regular board meeting in

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Preliminary Adoption Procedures

The superintendent will be responsible for developing the budget cover letter. It is recommended that the letter include a restatement of the goals and objectives of the district and a list of budget priorities. An explanation of line item expenditures will be included in the letter. Fund expenditures and line categories will also be explained in terms of how the budget meets the goals and objectives of the district and enhances completion of priority programs. A preliminary draft of the district's budget will be submitted by the superintendent to the board on or before ______each year.

Hearings and Reviews

The board shall conduct budget hearings according to state law.

Budget Transparency

The district shall comply with the requirements of the Kansas Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Act and rules and regulations promulgated by the Kansas State Board of Education thereunder in maintaining, reporting, publishing on the district's website, and making available to the public specified budgetary records, forms, and information.

Management of District Assets/Accounts

The superintendent shall establish and maintain accurate, financial management systems to meet the district's fiscal obligations, produce useful information for financial reports, and safeguard district resources. The superintendent shall ensure the district's accounting system provides ongoing

internal controls. The superintendent shall review the accounting system with the board.

All employees, board members, consultants, vendors, contractors, and other parties maintaining a business relationship with the district shall act with due diligence in duties involving the district's fiscal resources. The superintendent shall develop internal controls that aid in the prevention and detection of fraud, financial impropriety, or irregularity.

Reporting Fraud

An employee who suspects fraud, impropriety, or irregularity shall promptly report those suspicions to the immediate supervisor and/or the superintendent. If the superintendent is the subject of the complaint, reports shall be made to the board president or the board's legal counsel. The superintendent shall generally have primary responsibility for any investigations, in coordination with legal counsel and other internal or external departments and agencies as appropriate. If the superintendent is the subject of the report of fraud, impropriety, or irregularity, the board shall retain control over the investigation or may designate its legal counsel or another investigator to act on behalf of the board in investigating the matter and reporting any findings back to the board.

Whistleblowers

The district encourages complaints, reports, or inquiries about illegal practices or violations of district policies, including illegal or improper conduct by the district, its leadership, or by others on its behalf. Reports may include, but not be limited to, financial improprieties, accounting, or audit matters, ethical violations, or other similar illegal or improper practices or policies. The district prohibits retaliation by or on behalf of the district against staff members

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who make good faith complaints, reports, or inquiries under this policy or for

participations in a review or investigation under this policy. This protection

extends to those whose allegations are made in good faith but prove to be

mistaken. The district reserves the right to discipline persons who make bad faith,

knowingly false, or vexatious complaints, reports, or inquiries or who otherwise

abuse this policy.

Complaints, reports, or inquiries may be made under this policy on a

confidential or anonymous basis. They should describe in detail the specific facts

demonstrating the bases for the complaints, reports, or inquiries. They should be

directed to the superintendent unless otherwise provided above.

superintendent is implicated in the complaint, report, or inquiry, it should be

directed to the board or its legal counsel. The district will conduct a prompt,

review or investigation. The district may be unable to fully evaluate a vague or

general complaint, report, or inquiry that is made anonymously.

Procurement – Federal Programs

This document is intended to integrate standard district purchasing procedures with additional requirements applicable to procurements that are subject to the federal Uniform Grant Guidance regulations concerning the use of federal funds and/or U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) regulations governing school food service programs. The district maintains the following purchasing procedures, in accordance with federal and state laws, regulations, and board policy to aid in making purchases with federal funds. (2 CFR 200.318-200.325; 7 CFR 210.16, 210.19, 210.21, 215.14a, 220.16; K.S.A. 72-1151; board policies DFAB, DFAC, DJE, DJEB, DJED, DJEE, DJEF, DJEG, DJEJ, DJFA, and DJFAB)

2017 Procurement Thresholds		
Kansas Bid Threshold	\$20,000	For construction, reconstruction or remodeling or for the purchase of materials, goods or wares
Federal Micro-Purchase Threshold	\$3,500	Adjusted periodically and published in Federal Register (48 CFR Subpart 2.1)
Federal Simplified Acquisition Threshold	\$150,000	Adjusted periodically and published in Federal Register (48 CFR Subpart 2.1)

^{*}Please review this Procurement attachment annually and update amounts accordingly

Responsibility for Purchasing

The board has outlined standard district purchasing responsibility, methods of purchasing, price quotations and bid, requirements in the following board policies and their accompanying administrative regulations and/or procedures:

DFAB: Standard of Conduct for Federally Funded Contracts

DFAC: Federal Fiscal Compliance

DJE: Purchasing

DJEB: Quality Control

DJED: Bids and Quotations Requirements

DJEE: Local Purchasing

DJEF: Requisitions

DJEG: Purchase Orders and Contracts

DJEJ: Payment Procedures DJFA: Purchasing Authority DJFAB: Administrative Leeway

Purchase Methods

When a request for expenses for construction, reconstruction, or remodeling or for the purchase of materials, goods, or wares has been submitted and approved as outlined below, the procurement method to be used will be determined based on the type of purchase and the total cost of the purchase as further outlined below. This procedure outlines how the cost thresholds for determining when the quote or formal bidding procedures that are required by state law as reflected in Policy DJED must be modified when making purchases for federally funded purposes to which the Uniform Grant Guidance or USDA regulations apply to comply with both state and federal requirements. At each point where requirements for food service-related procurement under USDA regulations differ, a note will refer to the Food Service Program Notes at the end of this procedure. Final determination of which purchasing procedures are to be applied is delegated to the Superintendent under the authority of the Board.

Standard Procurement Documents and Purchase Request Process

The district shall use requisitions for purchase requests in accordance with the applicable purchase method.

The district shall use *electronic* purchasing records, which are pre-numbered and are accessible to designated purchasing staff in the district office.

Purchase requests by an employee must be submitted to the building administrator or immediate supervisor. Purchase of all budgeted items or items approved by an administrator or supervisor must be initiated by use of a purchase order or requisition submitted to the purchasing agent. Purchase orders and requisitions shall contain information including, but not necessarily limited to:

1.	Description	of the	services	to be	performed	or goods	to be	purchased	1;
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3.	Appropriate dates of service or delivery;

4. Ot	ther (describe)		_ ·
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Documentation on purchase orders and requisitions shall be maintained in accordance with the district's Public Records policy (CN) and Federal Fiscal Compliance policy (DFAC).

Contracts shall be reviewed by the Superintendent prior to submission to the board for approval.

Contracts to which the Uniform Grant Guidance apply shall contain the clauses specified in Appendix II to 2 CFR Part 200 (Contract Provisions for Non-Federal Entity Contracts Under Federal Awards), when applicable.

[See Food Service Program Notes below for specific clauses required by USDA regulations to be included in cost reimbursable procurement contracts.]

Micro-Purchases Not Requiring Quotes or Bidding

For purposes of this procedure, **micro-purchase** means a purchase of supplies or services for use in federally funded programs using simplified acquisition procedures, the aggregate amount of which does not exceed a base amount of \$3,500. The micro-purchase dollar threshold is adjusted periodically by the federal government, and the threshold most recently established and published in the Federal Register shall apply if other than \$3,500.(48 CFR Subpart 2.1)

Note: The micro-purchase maximum for federal purposes is lower than the amount below which the Policy DJED allows purchase for nonfederal purposes to be made without using formal competitive bidding.

The micro-purchase method is used to expedite the completion of its lowest dollar small purchase transactions and minimize the associated administrative burden and cost. Procurement by micro-purchase is the acquisition of supplies or services, the aggregate dollar amount of which does not exceed the micro-purchase threshold.

To the extent practicable, the district distributes micro-purchases equitably among qualified suppliers when the same or materially interchangeable products are identified, and such suppliers offer effectively equivalent rates, prices, and other terms. The Superintendent and Board Treasurer will be responsible for determining the equitable distribution of micro-purchases.

Micro-purchases may be awarded without soliciting competitive quotations if the district considers the price to be reasonable. The district will maintain evidence of this reasonableness in the records of all micro-purchases. **Reasonable** means that sound business practices were followed and the purchase is comparable to market prices for the geographic area. Such determinations of reasonableness may include a comparison of the price to previous purchases of the same item or comparison of the price of items similar to the item being purchased.

Even if the cost of a purchase qualifies it as a micro-purchase, bidding or small purchase procedures may be used optionally when those procedures may result in cost savings.

Small Purchase Procedures

For purposes of this procedure, **small purchase procedures** are those relatively simple and informal procurement methods for securing materials, goods, or wares or for completing construction, reconstruction, or remodeling that cost more than the amount qualifying as a micropurchase and do not cost \$20,000 or more, or in the case of services other than construction, reconstruction or remodeling, where the total cost does not exceed the \$150,000 federal Simplified Acquisition Threshold at which formal competitive bidding or competitive proposals are required. Small purchase procedures cannot be used for construction, reconstruction or remodeling costing \$20,000 or more or for the purchase of materials, goods or wares costing \$20,000 or more because the board policy and Kansas law requires formal competitive bidding at that level of cost.

The base amount at which bidding is required under state law for construction, reconstruction or remodeling or for the purchase of materials, goods or wares is \$20,000. (K.S.A. 72-1151)

The federal Simplified Acquisition Threshold at which competitive bidding or competitive proposals are required is adjusted periodically by the federal government, and the threshold most recently established and published in the Federal Register shall apply if other than \$150,000. (48 CFR Subpart 2.1)

Because state law does not require **competitive** bidding for the purchase of services other than for construction, reconstruction or remodeling with a cost in excess of \$20.000, small purchase procedures, including a request for proposal (RFP) procedure, may be used for procurement of such other services except when the estimated total cost will be at or over the federal threshold at which formal competitive bidding or competitive proposals are required (\$150,000).

[See Food Service Program Notes below for exemption from bidding for purchases of perishable food items costing less than \$150,000.]

Formal Competitive Bidding

Publicly Solicited Sealed Competitive Bids:

For construction, reconstruction, or remodeling or for the purchase of materials, goods or wares, sealed competitive bids are publicly solicited and awarded to the lowest responsible bidder as provided in Policy DJED when the total cost is estimated to be \$20,000 or more.

Note: The amount at which formal competitive bidding or competitive proposals are required by federal regulations is much higher than the base amount at which the policy and state law requires competitive bidding. Therefore, the lower base amount specified by Policy DJED will be used for purchases of equipment or supplies, or for obtaining services for construction, reconstruction or remodeling costing \$20,000 or more.

State law does not require bidding for the purchase of services other than for construction, reconstruction or remodeling regardless of total cost. For procurement of such other services for federally funded purposes to which the Uniform Grant Guidance applies, formal competitive bidding or competitive proposals will be used when the estimated total cost will be at or over the federal threshold of \$150,000.

The federal Simplified Acquisition Threshold at which competitive bidding or competitive proposals are required is adjusted periodically by the federal government, and the threshold most recently established and published in the Federal Register shall apply if other than \$150,000. (48 CFR Subpart 2.1)

For procurement of services costing at or over the \$150,000 federal threshold other than for construction, reconstruction or remodeling, the use of competitive sealed bidding is considered feasible and appropriate when:

- 1. A complete, adequate, and realistic specification or purchase description is available;
- 2. Two (2) or more responsible bidders are willing and able to compete effectively for the business; and
- 3. The procurement lends itself to a firm-fixed-price contract, and the selection of the successful bidder can be made principally on the basis of price.

Where specified in bidding documents, factors such as discounts, transportation cost, and life cycle costs must be considered in determining which bid is lowest. Payment discounts will only be used to determine the low bid when prior experience indicates that such discounts are usually taken advantage of. Any or all bids may be rejected if there is a sound documented reason.

[See Food Service Program Notes below for reference to state requirements regarding contracts with food service management companies and contractors of pre-plated meals.]

Competitive Proposals

State law does not require public school entities to solicit competitive bids for services other than for construction, reconstruction or remodeling, for which competitive bidding is required if the cost will be a base amount of \$20,000 or more.

Federal regulations allow the use of competitive proposals as an alternative to formal competitive bidding when conditions are not appropriate for the use of sealed bids.

In the case of services other than for construction, reconstruction or remodeling costing less than that threshold, the district may use small purchase procedures or micro-purchase procedures as applicable based on total cost. A request for proposal (RFP) process can also meet or exceed the small purchase competition requirements under state law and Policy DJED for the acquisition of services other than for construction, reconstruction or remodeling, and can be used if the total cost will be less than \$150,000.

When permitted, the technique of competitive proposals is normally conducted with more than one (1) source submitting an offer, and either a fixed price or cost-reimbursement type contract is awarded. Competitors' qualifications are evaluated, and the most qualified competitor is selected, subject to negotiation of fair and reasonable compensation. The district shall comply with other applicable state and federal law and regulations, board policy and administrative regulations or procedures regarding purchasing; the district may consult with the school solicitor or other qualified counsel in determining the required process for purchasing through competitive proposals when necessary.

If this method is used, the following requirements apply:

1. Requests for proposals must be publicized and identify all evaluation factors and their relative importance. Any response to publicized requests for proposals must be considered to the maximum extent practical.

- 2. Proposals must be solicited from an adequate number of qualified sources.
- 3. There must be a written method for conducting technical evaluations of the proposals received and for selecting recipients.
- 4. Contracts must be awarded to the responsible firm whose proposal is most advantageous to the program, with price and other factors considered.
- 5. Competitive proposal procedures for qualifications-based procurement of architectural/engineering (A/E) professional services whereby competitors' qualifications are evaluated and the most qualified is selected, subject to negotiation of fair and reasonable compensation, are allowed. The method where price is not used as a selection factor can only be used in procurement of A/E professional services and cannot be used to purchase other services through A/E firms.

Competitive proposals shall be evaluated by the Superintendent based on factors including but not limited to:

- 1. Cost.
- 2. Experience of contractor.
- 3. Availability.

Evaluations shall be completed in a timely manner, documented and shall be reviewed by the Superintendent.

Contract/Price Analysis

The district performs a cost or price analysis in connection with every procurement action in excess of \$150,000, including contract modifications. (2 CFR Sec. 200.323(a)).

A **cost analysis** generally means evaluating the separate cost elements that make up the total price, while a **price analysis** means evaluating the total price, without looking at the individual cost elements.

The method and degree of analysis is dependent on the facts surrounding the particular procurement situation; however, the Superintendent must come to an independent estimate prior to receiving bids or proposals. (2 CFR Sec. 200.323(a)). As part of the analysis, the Superintendent will enact established business practices which may include evaluation of similar prior procurements and a review process.

Negotiated Profit

In any procurement in which there has been no price competition, or in which a costanalysis is performed, profit must be negotiated separately as an element of price. Accordingly, solicitations of bids, proposals or quotes shall require that bids, proposals or quotes be limited to costs other than profit, and exclude profit.

To establish a fair and reasonable profit, consideration is given to the complexity of the work to be performed, the risk borne by the contractor, the contractor's investment, the amount of subcontracting, the quality of its record of past performance, and industry profit rates in the surrounding geographical area for similar work. (2 CFR Sec. 200.323(b)).

When profit must be negotiated as a separate element of the total price, it shall be negotiated by the Superintendent.

Noncompetitive Proposals (Sole Sourcing)

Procurement by noncompetitive proposals means procurement through solicitation of a proposal from only one (1) source and may be used only when one or more of the following circumstances apply:

- 1. The item is available only from a single source.
- 2. The public exigency or emergency for the requirement will not permit a delay resulting from competitive solicitation. An **emergency** exists whenever the time required for the board to act in accordance with regular procedures would endanger life or property or threaten continuance of existing school classes.
- 3. The federal awarding agency or pass-through entity expressly authorizes noncompetitive proposals in response to a written request from the district.
- 4. After solicitation of a number of sources, the district determines the competition is inadequate.

In addition to standard procurement policy and procedures, the district will document the grounds for using the noncompetitive method in lieu of an otherwise required competitive method of procurement, which may include written confirmation from the contractor as the sole source of the item. Documentation must be submitted to and maintained by the district office.

All noncompetitive proposals will ultimately be approved by the board. The district may utilize legal advice regarding noncompetitive proposals.

Profit must be negotiated separately for noncompetitive proposals, and a cost or price analysis will also be performed for noncompetitive proposals when the price exceeds \$150,000.

Purchase Cards

The district approves the use of procurement cards for permissible purchases by designated employees to improve the efficiency of purchasing activities, reduce processing expenses, improve controls for small-dollar purchases, and streamline contractor payment.

Procurement cards may be used for purchases under federal programs.

Full and Open Competition

All procurement transactions must be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition consistent with 2 CFR Sec. 200.319. In order to ensure objective contractor performance and eliminate unfair competitive advantage, contractors that develop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work, or invitations for bids or requests for proposals must be excluded from competing for such procurements. Some of the situations considered to be restrictive of competition include but are not limited to:

- 1. Placing unreasonable requirements on firms in order for them to qualify to do business.
- 2. Requiring unnecessary experience and excessive bonding.
- 3. Noncompetitive pricing practices between firms or between affiliated companies.
- 4. Noncompetitive contracts to consultants that are on retainer contracts.
- 5. Organizational conflicts of interest.
- 6. Specifying only a "brand name" product instead of allowing "an equal" product to be offered and describing the performance or other relevant requirements of the procurement.
- 7. Any arbitrary action in the procurement process.

Minority Businesses, Women's Business Enterprises, Labor Surplus Area Firms

The district must take necessary affirmative steps to assure that minority businesses, women's business enterprises, and labor surplus area firms are used when possible. Affirmative steps must include: (2 CFR Sec. 200.321)

- 1. Placing qualified small and minority business and women's business enterprises on solicitation lists.
- 2. Assuring that small and minority businesses, and women's business enterprises are solicited whenever they are potential sources.
- 3. Dividing total purchasing requirements, when economically feasible, into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by small and minority business and women's

business enterprises.

- 4. Establishing delivery schedules, where the requirement permits, which encourage participation by small and minority businesses and women's business enterprises.
- 5. Using the services and assistance, as appropriate, of such organizations as the Small Business Administration and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce.
- 6. Requiring the prime contractor, if subcontracts are let, to take the affirmative steps listed above

Geographical Preferences Prohibited

The district must conduct procurements in a manner that prohibits the use of statutorily or administratively imposed state, local, or tribal geographical preferences in the evaluation of bids or proposals for purchases made with federal funds, except in those cases where applicable federal statutes expressly mandate or encourage geographic preference. When contracting for architectural and engineering (A/E) services, geographic location may be a selection criterion provided its application leaves an appropriate number of qualified firms, given the nature and size of the project, to compete for the contract.

[See Food Service Program Notes below for permissibility of geographic preferences and "Buy American" practices in purchasing certain food products]

Prequalified Lists

The district must ensure that all prequalified lists of persons, firms, or products which are used in acquiring goods and services are current and include enough qualified sources to ensure maximum open and free competition. Also, the district must not preclude potential bidders from qualifying during the solicitation period.

[See Food Service Program Notes below for reference to state requirements regarding contracts with food service management companies and contractors of pre-plated meals.]

Solicitation Language

The district must ensure that all solicitations incorporate a clear and accurate description of the technical requirements for the material, product, or service to be procured. Such description must not, in competitive procurements, contain features which unduly restrict competition. The description may include a statement of the qualitative nature of the material, product or service to be procured and, when necessary, must set forth those minimum essential characteristics and standards to which it must conform if it is to satisfy its intended use. Detailed product specifications should be avoided if possible.

When it is impractical or uneconomical to make a clear and accurate description of the technical requirements, a "brand name or equivalent" description may be used to define the performance or other salient requirements of procurement. The specific features of the named brand which must be met by offers must be clearly stated; and identify all requirements which the offerors must fulfill and all other factors to be used in evaluating bids or proposals.

Avoiding Acquisition of Unnecessary or Duplicative Items

The district must avoid the acquisition of unnecessary or duplicative items. Additionally, consideration must be given to consolidating or breaking out procurements to obtain a more economical purchase; and, where appropriate, an analysis must be made of leases versus purchase alternatives, and any other appropriate analysis to determine the most economical approach.

These considerations are given as part of the process to determine the allowability of each purchase made with federal funds. Such considerations are accessible in the procedure to Policy DFAC: Allowability of Costs – Federal Programs.

Use of Intergovernmental Agreements and Cooperative Purchasing

To foster greater economy and efficiency, the district enters into state and local intergovernmental agreements where appropriate for cooperative purchasing or use of common or shared goods and services, as permitted by the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act.

When procuring supplies or services for federally funded purposes to which the Uniform Grant Guidance applies, the district shall verify that the organization conducting the procurement pursuant to such agreements complies with the applicable procurement methods, requirements, and standards of the Uniform Grant Guidance as outlined in this procedure.

Use of Federal Excess and Surplus Property

The district considers the use of federal excess and surplus property in lieu of purchasing new equipment and property whenever such use is feasible and reduces project costs.

Debarment and Suspension

The district awards contracts only to responsible contractors possessing the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement. Consideration will be given to such matters as contractor integrity, compliance with public policy, record of past performance, and financial and technical resources.

[See Food Service Program Notes below for reference to state requirements regarding contracts with food service management companies and contractors of pre-plated meals.]

The district may not subcontract with or award subgrants to any person or company who is debarred or suspended. For all contracts over \$25,000 the district verifies that the contractor with whom the district intends to do business is not excluded or disqualified. (2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II, and 2 CFR Sec. 180.220 and 180.300).

All successful contractors must provide written certification that they have not been suspended or debarred from federal projects. The Federal Programs Coordinator will be responsible for verification. Such verification may include accessing the online federal System for Award Management (SAM) to determine whether any relevant party is subject to any suspension or debarment restrictions.

Maintenance of Procurement Records

The district must maintain records sufficient to detail the history of all procurements. These records will include, but are not necessarily limited to the following: rationale for the method of procurement, selection of contract type, contractor selection or rejection, the basis for the contract price (including a cost or price analysis), and verification that the contractor is not suspended or debarred.

Maintenance of records of procurement will be governed by board Policies CN and DFAC.

Time and Materials Contracts

The district may use a time and materials type contract only: (1) after a determination that no other contract is suitable; and (2) if the contract includes a ceiling price that the contractor exceeds at its own risk. **Time and materials type contract** means a contract whose cost to the district is the sum of: the actual costs of materials, and direct labor hours charged at fixed hourly rates that reflect wages, general and administrative expenses, and profit.

Since this formula generates an open-ended contract price, a time-and-materials contract provides no positive profit incentive to the contractor for cost control or labor efficiency. Therefore, each contract must set a ceiling price that the contractor exceeds at its own risk. Further, the district must assert a high degree of oversight to obtain reasonable assurance that the contractor is using efficient methods and effective cost controls.

Settlements of Issues Arising Out of Procurements

The district alone is responsible, in accordance with good administrative practice and sound business judgment, for the settlement of all contractual and administrative issues arising out of procurements. These issues include, but are not limited to, source evaluation, protests, disputes, and claims. These standards do not relieve the district of any contractual responsibilities under its contracts. Violations of law will be referred to the local, state, or federal authority having proper jurisdiction.

Protest Procedures to Resolve Dispute

The district maintains protest procedures to handle and resolve disputes relating to procurements and, in all instances, discloses information regarding the protest to the awarding agency. Protest procedures will be acted on in accordance with current state law and regulations, board policy and administrative regulations and procedures, and the advice of the board's legal counsel.

Food Service Program Notes:

Exemption from Bidding for Perishable Food Items -

Kansas law exempts purchases of food and foodstuffs necessary for the implementation or operation of any child nutrition program from bidding requirements. Bidding for such items is required only if the cost would be at or over the federal threshold at which formal competitive bidding is required (\$150,000). Small purchase procedures may be used for purchases below \$150,000, or micro-purchase procedures for purchases below \$3,500. Use of bidding should be considered as an option if it is feasible and likely to result in cost savings.

Geographic Preferences -

The district is permitted to apply a geographic preference when procuring unprocessed, locally grown or locally raised agricultural products. When a geographic preference is applied, the district has discretion to determine the local area to which the geographic preference option will be applied.

Unprocessed locally grown or locally raised agricultural products means only those agricultural products that retain their inherent character. The effects of the following food handling and preservation techniques shall not be considered as changing an agricultural product into a product of a different kind or character: cooling; refrigerating; freezing; size adjustment made by peeling, slicing, dicing, cutting, chopping, shucking, and grinding; forming ground products into patties without any additives or fillers; drying/dehydration; washing; packaging (such as placing eggs in cartons), vacuum packing and bagging (such as placing vegetables in bags or combining two (2) or more types of vegetables or fruits in a single package); the addition of ascorbic acid or other preservatives to prevent oxidation of produce; butchering livestock and poultry; cleaning fish; and the pasteurization of milk. (7 CFR Sec. 210.21, 215.14a, 220.16)

Buy American -

The district shall purchase, to the maximum extent practicable, domestic commodities or products for food service purposes. The term **domestic commodity or product** means: (7 CFR Sec. 210.21, 220.16)

1. An agricultural commodity that is produced in the United States; and

2. A food product that is processed in the United States substantially using agricultural commodities that are produced in the United States.

Mandatory Contract Clauses -

The following provisions shall be included in all cost reimbursable contracts for food services purchases, including contracts with cost reimbursable provisions, and in solicitation documents prepared to obtain offers for such contracts: (7 CFR Sec. 210.21, 215.14a, 220.16)

- 1. Allowable costs will be paid from the nonprofit school food service account to the contractor net of all discounts, rebates and other applicable credits accruing to or received by the contractor or any assignee under the contract, to the extent those credits are allocable to the allowable portion of the costs billed to the school food authority;
- 2. (a) The contractor must separately identify for each cost submitted for payment to the school food authority the amount of that cost that is allowable (can be paid from the nonprofit school food service account) and the amount that is unallowable (cannot be paid from the nonprofit school food service account); or
 - (b) The contractor must exclude all unallowable costs from its billing documents and certify that only allowable costs are submitted for payment and records have been established that maintain the visibility of unallowable costs, including directly associated costs in a manner suitable for contract cost determination and verification;
- 3. The contractor's determination of its allowable costs must be made in compliance with the applicable departmental and program regulations and Office of Management and Budget cost circulars;
- 4. The contractor must identify the amount of each discount, rebate and other applicable credit on bills and invoices presented to the school food authority for payment and individually identify the amount as a discount, rebate, or in the case of other applicable credits, the nature of the credit. If approved by the state agency, the school food authority may permit the contractor to report this information on a less frequent basis than monthly, but no less frequently than annually;
- 5. The contractor must identify the method by which it will report discounts, rebates and other applicable credits allocable to the contract that are not reported prior to conclusion of the contract; and
- 6. The contractor must maintain documentation of costs and discounts, rebates and other applicable credits, and must furnish such documentation upon request to the school food authority, the state agency, or the department.

Contracts with Food Service Management Companies -

Procedures for selecting and contracting with a food service management company (FSMC) shall comply with guidance provided by the Kansas State Department of Education, Division of Child Nutrition and Wellness, including standard forms, procedures and timelines for solicitation, selection and approval of proposals and contracts. (7 CFR Sec. 210.16, 210.19, 210.21, 215.14a, 220.16)

Pre-Plated Meals -

Procedures for selecting and contracting with contractors of pre-plated meals shall comply with guidance provided by the Kansas State Department of Education, Division of Child Nutrition and Wellness, including standard forms, procedures and timelines for solicitation, selection and approval of proposals and contracts. (7 CFR Sec. 210.16, 210.19, 210.21, 220.16)

The investment of school district monies shall be the responsibility of the superintendent, business manager, and/or the district treasurer.

Any monies not immediately required for the purposes for which the monies were collected or received may be invested as provided by current statute.

Posting Securities

All investments of district monies shall be secured to 100% of the amount of district monies by F.D.I.C. coverage, a pledge of direct federal obligations or direct guaranteed federal agency deposits in accordance with requirements of state law. Exceptions to the required posting of securities shall be only as provided by law and approval of the board.

All offerings of monies for investment shall state the amount to be invested and the maturity date of each investment.

All banks and savings and loan associations with main or branch offices located within the county or adjoining counties of the district shall be given an opportunity to bid on all monies offered for investment. All bids shall be specified on the basis of simple interest.

Distribution of monies for investment shall be as follows:

The treasurer or other person designated by the board shall inform each eligible bank and savings and loan association of the total amount of money to be invested on a specified date and the maturity date of the investment.

Each bank or savings and loan association bidding shall submit a single bid of the rate of interest it would pay on all or part of the funds to be invested.

Monies shall be invested with the highest bidder in such amount as the bidder will accept, and any remaining amounts shall be invested with the next highest bidders in order of interest rate offered. No bidder shall be eligible to receive any funds in the same offering at a rate lower than its single bid.

No bid less than the most recently determined investment rate as determined by the state treasurer shall be accepted. No funds will be invested for maturities of more than two years.

Any monies not otherwise invested in eligible banks and savings and loans located in the district due to their inability, for whatever reason, to accept the funds, shall be invested in secured deposits in banks or savings and loans which have offices located in counties in which a part of the school district is located or in adjoining counties.

Any monies not invested in banks and savings and loans in the district or located in counties in which a part of the school district is located may be invested in the municipal investment pool fund or United States Treasury bills or notes as authorized by Kansas law.

Monies available for reinvestment as a result of maturities may be reinvested with the bank or association holding such monies provided the bank or savings and loan association agrees to pay the same or higher rate as that offered by the highest bidder at the time of re-offer.

DFE Investment of Funds

DFE-3

In the event of identical high bids, the allocation of monies to be invested

between the high bidders shall be at the discretion of the superintendent.

The treasurer shall record the following information: the date of each

offering; the name of each bank or savings and loan association notified; the name

of the officer notified; the bid, carried to five decimal places (.11111); the amount

of monies the bank or savings and loan association is willing to accept at the rate

bid.

To be eligible to receive invested funds or deposits from the district, any

otherwise eligible bank or savings and loan association shall have on file in the

office of the district treasurer a letter requesting its inclusion in the bidding

process and providing proper assurance of compliance with requirements of

applicable laws and board policy relating to maintenance of proper security and

assurance of its membership in good standing consistent with current federal

regulations. The superintendent shall report monthly to the board on the district's

investments.

DIC DIC Inventories

An accounting will be made annually for all district-owned personal

property.

An inventory record system shall be developed by the superintendent.

All inventory records shall be annually updated showing deletions and additions,

the estimated value, original cost (where available), date of purchase, serial

numbers (where available) and location and condition of each piece of district-

owned personal property.

Each building principal shall take an annual inventory of district-owned

personal property under the direction of the superintendent. Inventory forms shall

be developed by the superintendent. One copy of each inventory taken in an

attendance center shall be filed in that building, and one copy shall be filed in

the central office with the clerk.

DJB Petty Cash Accounts

DJB

The board may establish petty cash accounts by resolution. All petty cash

funds will be audited annually at the same time as the general fund budget. The

board shall also receive monthly reports of the expenditures from and

reimbursements to each petty cash account.

DJB PETTY CASH ACCOUNTS

[RESOLUTION TO ESTABLISH PETTY CASH FUND]

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the Board of Education of Unified School District No,
County, Kansas, has determined that the creation of a petty cash fund is an efficient method to pay
expenses for school district purposes in emergencies.
WHEREAS, Kansas law authorizes the establishment of petty cash funds;
NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Board of Education of Unified School District
No, County, Kansas that a petty cash fund designated as the
Building Petty Cash Fund is created for the purpose of receiving and expending funds for needed district
expenditures in an emergency. The fund shall be in the amount of \$*
The fund shall be administered by The shall
keep a record of all receipts and expenditures of the fund and shall prepare and file with the Board a
statement showing all receipts, expenditures and balance at the end of each and a
the end of each school year. An itemized receipt shall be maintained for each expenditure. Any person
authorized to administer a petty cash fund shall be bonded by the school district.
Upon proper report to the board, the petty cash fund shall be replenished by payment from the
appropriate fund of the school district.
The petty cash fund shall not be loaned or advanced against the salary of any employee.
Funds in the petty cash fund shall remain district funds but shall not be considered school money
for purposes of K.S.A. 72-1136 and the provisions of K.S.A. 12-105b shall not apply.
ADOPTED by the Board of Education of Unified School District,
County, Kansas, the day of, 20
[NOTE: A separate resolution must be adopted for each petty cash fund.] * Not to Exceed \$1500.00

DJEB Quality Control **DJEB**

The board reserves the right to establish the specifications for and quality

of goods or services purchased by the district.

Specifications

It is the responsibility of the originator of a purchase request to see that

all specifications requested are complete.

Standardization

Whenever possible, standard lists of supplies and equipment shall be

developed in all budget areas.

Quantity Purchasing

Quantity purchasing is encouraged.

All purchases requiring competitive bids shall be made in accordance with current statutes.

The purchasing agent shall develop and maintain lists of potential suppliers. Bid lists shall be used to notify potential bidders.

Any supplier may be included in the list upon request. All bid lists shall be reviewed annually by the purchasing agent.

A copy of this policy shall be given to all bidders upon request.

All bids and supporting documentation shall be retained in the district office with the clerk for a period of three years after bids have been opened.

Bid Specifications

All bid specifications shall be written by the district's purchasing agent and shall include required characteristics and quality standards. Specifications shall include, when necessary: required performance, surety, bid, and statutory bond information; compliance with preferential bid law; financial statements; the board's right to reject any or all bids; compliance with all federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, and regulations; the date, time, and place for the opening of bids; and other items as the board directs.

The board shall avoid negotiation of bid specifications after bids have been accepted and shall correct specifications if they are inadequately written and request new bids. If an error is discovered in the bid specifications, all bids shall be returned unopened, and the project shall be rebid using corrected and/or amended specifications.

<u>Procedure</u>

All bids must be submitted to the clerk in sealed envelopes with the name of the bidder and the date of the bid opening plainly marked in the lower left-hand corner of the envelope. All bids shall be opened publicly on the stated date and time. All bidders and other interested persons may be present when the bids are opened.

Bids may be opened by the purchasing agent or other person designated by the board, and such opening shall be witnessed by one other district employee. The bids shall then be arranged in order from low to high before they are presented to the board for action.

Responsible Bidder

All bids shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder. The board remains the sole judge of whether a bidder is "responsible." Criteria that may be used to judge whether the bidder is responsible by way of illustration and not limitation, are: financial standing, reputation, experience, prior working relationship with the district, resources, facilities, judgment, and efficiency.

The board may investigate whether the bidder is responsible by using information at hand to form an intelligent judgment, such as, but not necessarily limited to, the district's architect, previous clients of the bidder, their own investigation, or an outside investigation agency.

DJED Bids and Quotations Requirements DJED-3

Withdrawal of Bids

Any bid may be withdrawn and/or corrected prior to the scheduled time

for opening of bids and no later than two days after the bids have been opened if

a non-judgmental error has been made.

Any bid received after the publicized date and time shall not be

considered by the board.

Rejection of Bids

The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to ask for new

bids. This reservation shall be specified in the publication or notification of bid

letting.

The board reserves the right to waive any informalities in or reject any

parts of a bid.

Multi-State Purchasing Pools

The board may participate in multi-state purchasing pools.

DJEF Requisitions **DJEF**

The purchasing agent shall develop a requisition form to be used by staff

members requesting that certain goods be purchased for the district.

All requisitions shall be submitted to the purchasing agent by the

designated deadline. After a purchase order has been issued, the number of the

purchase order shall be recorded on the requisition, and the number of the

requisition shall be recorded on the purchase order. After processing, the original

copy of the requisition shall be filed in the office of the purchasing agent in

numerical sequence.

The school or district entity shall not be used to order or purchase supplies,

goods, or wares for the personal use of employees. Use of the "school entity" in

this manner would include, but may not be limited to, the use of the school or

district's name, letterhead, purchase order, fund, credit card, and/or check.

DK STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND MANAGEMENT

[RESOLUTION TO ESTABLISH ACTIVITY FUND]

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, the Board of Education of Unified School District No,
County, Kansas, has determined that the creation of an activity fund is an efficient method to pay expenses
for student activities; and
WHEREAS, Kansas law authorizes the establishment of school activity funds;
NOW THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, by the Board of Education of Unified School District
No, County, Kansas, that an activity fund designated as the
fund is created for the purpose of receiving and expending funds for student activities, including athletics,
music, forensics, dramatics and other board approved student extra-curricular activities.
The fund shall be administered by The
shall keep a record of all receipts and expenditures of the fund and shall prepare and file with the Board a
statement showing all receipts, expenditures and balance at the end of each and
at the end of each school year. Any person authorized to administer an activity fund shall be bonded by the
school district.
Funds in the activity fund shall remain district funds but shall not be considered school money for
purposes of K.S.A. 72-1132 and the provisions of K.S.A. 12-105b shall not apply.
ADOPTED by the Board of Education of Unified School District,
County, Kansas, the day of, 20
[NOTE: A separate resolution must be adopted for each activity fund.]

Unpaid Fees and Negative Account Balances

Unpaid or overdue accounts disrupt accounting practices within the district. All persons who owe overdue fees or have negative account balances with the district shall be notified of the delinquency up to three times in not less than ten day increments by the superintendent or superintendent's designee via letter sent by U.S. First Class Mail providing that the individual owes the district fees or that a specified account has insufficient funds or a negative balance and the reason for the fees or account withdrawals.

If, within ten days after the second notice was mailed, the debt is not paid in full or arrangements have not been made with the superintendent or superintendent's designee to pay it, a third and final notice shall be sent to the debtor by mail. Postage and stationary costs may be added to the original bill.

If full payment is not received by the clerk within ten days after mailing of the final notice, authorization for the enforcement of collection may be obtained through the local small claims court in compliance with Kansas statutes, the superintendent or superintendent's designee may turn the matter over to legal counsel to commence debt collection proceedings on behalf of the district, or the matter may be handled through the Kansas SetOff Program.

Insufficient Funds Checks

The superintendent or the superintendent's designee is authorized to retain the services of a bad check collection agency to collect funds due to the district upon receipt of insufficient funds checks.

DP Collection Procedures

DP-3

Approved: August 15, 2018

EBC SAFETY AND SECURITY

- Sample Form -

Retype to suit local needs, remove from policy book and file with the clerk and principals. Form could also be included in staff or student handbooks.

Report to Local Law Enfor	cement
USD	

Pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6143, the administrator or other school employee whose signature appears below is reporting the following crimes.

{Briefly describe each incident and the person/s involved in felonies, misdemeanors and weapons}

Date	School/Location	Student/s or Person/s Involved	Brief Description
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

School	Districts	are requir	red by	Federal	Law	and	K.S.A.	72-6311	to	protect	the
privacy	rights of	students	under	the age	of 18	3.					

Signed:_		
-	Administrator or other school employed	e.
cc:	Superintendent of Schools, USD	Student/s file

EBC SAFETY AND SECURITY

- Sample Form -

Retype to suit local needs, remove from policy book and file with the clerk and principals. Form could also be included in staff or student handbooks.

Report to Staff Member USD

Pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6143, administrative, professional or paraprofessional employees of a school who have information that a pupil has engaged in the following shall report the information and the identity of the student to the superintendent. The superintendent shall investigate the matter and if it is determined the student has been involved in the following, the superintendent shall provide information, and the identity of the pupil to all employees who are involved or likely to be directly involved, in teaching or providing related services to pupil:

- 1. Any student who has been expelled for conduct which endangers the safety of others;
- 2. Any student who has been expelled for commission of felony type offenses;
- 3. Any student who has been expelled for possession of a weapon;
- 4. Any student who has been adjudged to be a juvenile offender and whose offense, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony, except a felony theft offense involving no direct threat to human life;
- 5. Any student who has been tried and convicted as an adult of any felony, except theft involving no direct threat to human life.

You are notified that _____, within the past 365 days, has been expelled, adjudged or convicted for an activity listed above.

School District staff are required by both Federal Law and K.S.A. 72-6311 to protect the right of privacy of any student under the age of 18 and the student's family regarding personally identifiable records, files, data and information directly related to the student and his/her family. I acknowledge this responsibility and agree that I will disclose the above information only to other USD ### employees and officials. Violation of these privacy rights could include sanctions up to and including termination.

Signed:	
C	School employee who receives the report
Signed:	
~ - 8	Administrator or school employee making report

GAAE BULLYING BY ADULTS

- Sample Form -

Retype to suit local needs, remove from policy book and file with the clerk and principals. Form could also be included in staff handbooks.

Report to Local Law Enforcement	
USD	

Pursuant to Kansas law, the administrator or other school employee whose signature appears below is reporting the following crimes:

Briefly describe each incident and the person/s involved in a misdemeanor or felony behavior at school, on school property, or at a school activity.

Date	School/Location	Person/s Involved	Brief Description of bullying incident/s.
1.			
2.			

School Districts are required by Federal Law and K.S.A. /2-6311 to protect the
privacy rights of students under the age of 18.
Signed:Administrator or other school employee
c/o Superintendent, USD; c/employee's file

GAAF Emergency Safety Interventions (See GAO, JRB, JQ, and KN)GAAF

The board of education is committed to limiting the use of Emergency Safety Intervention ("ESI"), such as seclusion and restraint, with all students. Seclusion and restraint shall be used only when a student's conduct necessitates the use of an emergency safety intervention as defined below. The board of education encourages all employees to utilize other behavioral management tools, including prevention techniques, de-escalation techniques, and positive behavioral intervention strategies.

This policy shall be made available on the district website with links to the policy available on any individual school pages. In addition, this policy shall be included in at least one of the following: each school's code of conduct, school safety plan, or student handbook. Notice of the online availability of this policy shall be provided to parents during enrollment each year.

Definitions

"Campus police officer" means a school security officer designated by the board of education of any school district pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6146, and amendments thereto.

"Chemical Restraint" means the use of medication to control a student's violent physical behavior or restrict a student's freedom of movement.

"Emergency Safety Intervention" is the use of seclusion or physical restraint, but does not include physical escort or the use of time-out.

"Incident" means each occurrence of the use of an emergency safety intervention.

"Law enforcement officer" and "police officer" mean a full-time or parttime salaried officer or employee of the state, a county, or a city, whose duties include the prevention or detection of crime and the enforcement of criminal or traffic law of this state or any Kansas municipality. This term includes a campus police officer.

"Legitimate law enforcement purpose" means a goal within the lawful authority of an officer that is to be achieved through methods or conduct condoned by the officer's appointing authority.

"Mechanical Restraint" means any device or object used to limit a student's movement.

"Parent" means: (1) a natural parent; (2) an adoptive parent; (3) a person acting as a parent as defined in K.S.A. 72-3122(d)(2), and amendments thereto; (4) a legal guardian; (5) an education advocate for a student with an exceptionality; (6) a foster parent, unless the student is a child with an exceptionality; or (7) a student who has reached the age of majority or is an emancipated minor.

"Physical Escort" means the temporary touching or holding the hand, wrist, arm, shoulder, or back of a student who is acting out for the purpose of inducing the student to walk to a safe location.

"Physical Restraint" means bodily force used to substantially limit a student's movement, except that consensual, solicited, or unintentional contact and contact to provide comfort, assistance, or instruction shall not be deemed to be physical restraint.

"School resource officer" means a law enforcement officer or police officer employed by a local law enforcement agency who is assigned to a district through an agreement between the local law enforcement agency and the district.

"School security officer" means a person who is employed by a board of education of any school district for the purpose of aiding and supplementing state and local law enforcement agencies in which the school district is located, but is not a law enforcement officer or police officer.

"Seclusion" means placement of a student in a location where all of the following conditions are met: (1) the student is placed in an enclosed area by school personnel; (2) the student is purposefully isolated from adults and peers; and (3) the student is prevented from leaving, or reasonably believes that he or she will be prevented from leaving the enclosed area.

"Time-out" means a behavioral intervention in which a student is temporarily removed from a learning activity without being secluded.

Prohibited Types of Restraint

All staff members are prohibited from engaging in the following actions with all students:

- Using face-down (prone) physical restraint;
- Using face-up (supine) physical restraint;
- Using physical restraint that obstructs the student's airway;
- Using physical restraint that impacts a student's primary mode of communication;

- Using chemical restraint, except as prescribed treatments for a student's medical or psychiatric condition by a person appropriately licensed to issue such treatments; and
- Use of mechanical restraint, except:
 - O Protective or stabilizing devices required by law or used in accordance with an order from a person appropriately licensed to issue the order for the device;
 - Any device used by a certified law enforcement officer to carry out law enforcement duties; or
 - Seatbelts and other safety equipment when used to secure students during transportation.

Use of Emergency Safety Interventions

ESI shall be used only when a student presents a reasonable and immediate danger of physical harm to such student or others with the present ability to effect such physical harm. Less restrictive alternatives to ESI, such as positive behavior interventions support, shall be deemed inappropriate or

ineffective under the circumstances by the school employee witnessing the student's behavior prior to the use of any ESI. The use of ESI shall cease as soon as the immediate danger of physical harm ceases to exist. Violent action that is destructive of property may necessitate the use of an ESI. Use of an ESI for purposes of discipline, punishment, or for the convenience of a school employee shall not meet the standard of immediate danger of physical harm.

ESI Restrictions

A student shall not be subjected to ESI if the student is known to have a medical condition that could put the student in mental or physical danger as a result of ESI. The existence of such medical condition must be indicated in a written statement from the student's licensed health care provider, a copy of which has been provided to the school and placed in the student's file.

Such written statement shall include an explanation of the student's diagnosis, a list of any reasons why ESI would put the student in mental or physical danger, and any suggested alternatives to ESI. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subsection, a student may be subjected to ESI, if not subjecting the student to ESI would result in significant physical harm to the student or others.

Use of Seclusion

When a student is placed in seclusion, a school employee shall be able to see and hear the student at all times.

All seclusion rooms equipped with a locking door shall be designed to ensure that the lock automatically disengages when the school employee viewing the student walks away from the seclusion room, or in case of emergency, such as fire or severe weather.

A seclusion room shall be a safe place with proportional and similar characteristics as other rooms where students frequent. Such room shall be free of any condition that could be a danger to the student, well-ventilated, and sufficiently lighted.

Training

All staff members shall be trained regarding the use of positive behavioral intervention strategies, de-escalation techniques, and prevention techniques. Such training shall be consistent with nationally recognized training programs on ESI. The intensity of the training provided will depend upon the employee's position. Administrators, licensed staff members, and other staff deemed most likely to need to restrain a student will be provided more intense training than staff who do not work directly with students in the classroom. District and building administration shall make the determination of the intensity of training required by each position.

Each school building shall maintain written or electronic documentation regarding the training that was provided and a list of participants, which shall be made available for inspection by the state board of education upon request.

Notification and Documentation

The principal or designee shall notify the parent the same day as an incident. The same-day notification requirement of this subsection shall be deemed satisfied if the school attempts at least two methods of contacting the parent. A parent may designate a preferred method of contact to receive the sameday notification. Also, a parent may agree, in writing, to receive only one sameday notification from the school for multiple incidents occurring on the same day.

Documentation of the ESI used shall be completed and provided to the student's parents no later than the school day following the day of the incident. Such written documentation shall include: (A) The events leading up to the incident; (B) student behaviors that necessitated the ESI; (C) steps taken to

transition the student back into the educational setting; (D) the date and time the incident occurred, the type of ESI used, the duration of the ESI, and the school personnel who used or supervised the ESI; (E) space or an additional form for parents to provide feedback or comments to the school regarding the incident; (F) a statement that invites and strongly encourages parents to schedule a meeting to discuss the incident and how to prevent future incidents; and (G) email and phone information for the parent to contact the school to schedule the ESI meeting. Schools may group incidents together when documenting the items in subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) if the triggering issue necessitating the ESIs is the same.

The parent shall be provided the following information after the first and each subsequent incident during each school year: (1) a copy of this policy which indicates when ESI can be used; (2) a flyer on the parent's rights; (3) information on the parent's right to file a complaint through the local dispute resolution process (which is set forth in this policy) and the complaint process of the state board of education; and (4) information that will assist the parent in navigating the complaint process, including contact information for Families Together and the Disability Rights Center of Kansas. Upon the first occurrence of an incident of ESI, the foregoing information shall be provided in printed form or, upon the parent's written request, by email. Upon the occurrence of a second or subsequent incident, the parent shall be provided with a full and direct website address containing such information.

Law Enforcement, School Resource, and Campus Security Officers

Campus police officers and school resource officers shall be exempt from the requirements of this policy when engaged in an activity that has a legitimate law enforcement purpose. School security officers shall not be exempt from the requirements of this policy.

If a school is aware that a law enforcement officer or school resource officer has used seclusion, physical restraint, or mechanical restraint on a student, the school shall notify the parent the same day using the parent's preferred method of contact. A school shall not be required to provide written documentation to a parent, as set forth above, regarding law enforcement use of an emergency safety intervention, or report to the state department of education any law enforcement use of an emergency safety intervention. For purposes of this subsection, mechanical restraint includes, but is not limited to, the use of handcuffs.

Documentation of ESI Incidents

Except as specified above with regard to law enforcement or school resource officer use of emergency safety interventions, each building shall maintain documentation any time ESI is used with a student. Such documentation must include all of the following:

- Date and time of the ESI.
- Type of ESI,
- Length of time the ESI was used,
- School personnel who participated in or supervised the ESI,
- Whether the student had an individualized education program at the time of the incident,

GAAF <u>Emergency Safety Interventions</u> GAAF-9

Whether the student had a section 504 plan at the time of the incident,
 and whether the student had a behavior intervention plan at the time of the incident.

All such documentation shall be provided to the building principal, who shall be responsible for providing copies of such documentation to the superintendent or the superintendent's designee on at least a biannual basis. At least once per school year, each building principal or designee shall review the documentation of ESI incidents with appropriate staff members to consider the appropriateness of the use of ESI in those instances.

Reporting Data

District administration shall report ESI data to the state department of education as required.

Parent Right to Meeting on ESI Use

After each incident, a parent may request a meeting with the school to discuss and debrief the incident. A parent may request such meeting verbally, in writing, or by electronic means. A school shall hold a meeting requested under this subsection within 10 school days of the parent's request. The focus of any such meeting shall be to discuss proactive ways to prevent the need for emergency safety interventions and to reduce incidents in the future.

For a student with an IEP or a Section 504 plan, such student's IEP team or Section 504 plan team shall discuss the incident and consider the need to conduct a functional behavioral assessment, develop a behavior intervention plan, or amend the behavior intervention plan if already in existence.

For a student with a section 504 plan, such student's section 504 plan team shall discuss and consider the need for a special education evaluation. For students who have an individualized education program and are placed in a private school by a parent, a meeting called under this subsection shall include the parent and the private school, who shall consider whether the parent should request an individualized education program team meeting. If the parent requests an individualized education program team meeting, the private school shall help facilitate such meeting.

For a student without an IEP or Section 504 plan, the school staff and the parent shall discuss the incident and consider the appropriateness of a referral for a special education evaluation, the need for a functional behavioral assessment, or the need for a behavior intervention plan. Any such meeting shall include the student's parent, a school administrator for the school the student attends, one of the student's teachers, a school employee involved in the incident, and any other school employees designated by the school administrator as appropriate for such meeting.

The student who is the subject of such meetings shall be invited to attend the meeting at the discretion of the parent. The time for calling such a meeting may be extended beyond the 10-day limit if the parent of the student is unable to attend within that time period. Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the development and implementation of a functional behavior assessment or a behavior intervention plan for any student if such student would benefit from such measures.

Local Dispute Resolution Process

If a parent believes that an emergency safety intervention has been used on the parent's child in violation of state law or board policy, the parent may file a complaint as specified below.

The board of education encourages parents to attempt to resolve issues relating to the use of ESI informally with the building principal and/or the superintendent before filing a formal complaint with the board. Once an informal complaint is received, the administrator handling such complaint shall investigate such matter, as deemed appropriate by the administrator. In the event that the complaint is resolved informally, the administrator must provide a written report of the informal resolution to the superintendent and the parents and retain a copy of the report at the school. The superintendent will share the informal resolution with the board of education and provide a copy to the state department of education.

If the issues are not resolved informally with the building principal and/or the superintendent, the parents may submit a formal written complaint to the board of education by providing a copy of the complaint to the clerk of the board and the superintendent within thirty (30) days after the parent is informed of the incident.

Upon receipt of a formal written complaint, the board president shall assign an investigator to review the complaint and report findings to the board as a whole. Such investigator may be a board member, a school administrator selected by the board, or a board attorney. Such investigator shall be informed of the obligation to maintain confidentiality of student records and shall report the

Emergency Safety Interventions GAAF

GAAF-12

findings of fact and recommended corrective action, if any, to the board in

executive session.

Any such investigation must be completed within thirty (30) days of receipt

of the formal written complaint by the board clerk and superintendent. On or

before the 30th day after receipt of the written complaint, the board shall adopt

written findings of fact and, if necessary, appropriate corrective action. A copy

of the written findings of fact and any corrective action adopted by the board

shall only be provided to the parents, the school, and the state department of

education and shall be mailed to the parents and the state department within 30

days of the board's receipt of the formal complaint.

If desired, a parent may file a complaint under the state board of education

administrative review process within thirty (30) days from the date a final

decision is issued pursuant to the local dispute resolution process.

Approved: August 15, 2018

GAD

-Except as may be specified in the negotiated agreement concerning staff

members covered thereby, all plans for self-improvement involving expenditure

of district funds or which require time away from the employee's assigned

responsibilities shall be approved in advance by the board.

Approved: August 15, 2018

GBO Resignation GBO

Option 1:

The board shall consider any licensed employee's resignation which is

submitted to the board in writing. The board may accept resignations from

employees under contract when the resignation will be in the best interests of the

district. Also see the negotiated agreement.

A licensed employee who has signed a contract and accepted a teaching

position in the district for the coming year or who has not resigned by the

continuing contract notice deadline shall not be released from that contract to

accept another position until a suitable replacement has been employed.

If the licensed employee terminates employment in the district without

complying with board policy, the board may petition the State Board of Education

to have the teacher's license suspended.

Exit Interviews

Exit interviews may be conducted after an employee resigns.

Approved: August 15, 2018

JBE TRUANCY

IDACA Special Education Services

IDACA

In accordance with the provisions of Federal and state law, it is the policy

of this district to provide a free appropriate public education for every exceptional

child (as defined by K.S.A. 72-3404) who is a resident of this district or attends

a private or parochial school located in this district. Special education services

are provided for such children, including individual educational programs offered

in the least restrictive environment.

Child Find, Identification, and Eligibility

The district shall coordinate and maintain a system which schedules and

structures available services for pupils who are referred to determine eligibility

for special education services in accordance with procedural processes established

in Federal and state law.

Actions and Due Process for Students

Parental involvement and cooperation is important to the success of these

educational programs. In order to encourage the involvement and cooperation of

parents in special education services and to safeguard the rights of exceptional

children to a free appropriate public education, the board utilizes and refers

parents to the "Procedural Safeguards in Parent Rights in Special Education"

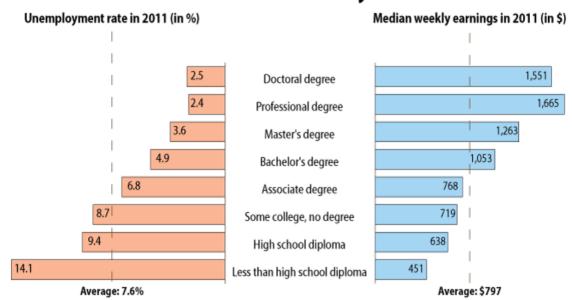
published by the Kansas State Department of Education.

In the provision of special education and related services, the district will

implement all Federal and Kansas statutes, rules, and regulations.

Approved: August 15, 2018

Education Pays



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Current Population Survey

JBE TRUANCY

(From KASB <u>Forms Book</u>)

PARENT CONSENT AND WAIVER FOR CHILD 16 OR OLDER TO BE EXEMPT FROM COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENTS.

I, (Name of Parent(s) or Pe	rson Acting As Parent), understand that pursuant to Kansas law,
(Name of Student) is required to atten	d school until he/she receives a high school diploma or general
educational development (GED) crede	ntial or reaches the age of 18, whichever occurs first.
Pursuant to K.S.A. 72-3120, a	s amended, Unified School District No encourages(Name
of Student) to remain in school or to	o pursue an education alternative.
The academic skills listed belo	ow have not been achieved by(Name of Student):
Based on(Source of Inform	the difference in future earning power between a
high school graduate and a high school	l drop out is
Name of Student) is end	couraged to attend one of the following area alternative education
programs in order to aid Name of Stud	dent in obtaining a high school diploma, a general education
development credential, or other certification	ication of completion, such as a career technical education industry
certification:	
schools, and virtual programs can be f <u>Services/Career-Standards-and-Assess</u> <u>Choice/Adult-Diploma-Completion/Inflanguage</u> suggests an "alternative lear	able. Contact information for accredited private schools, virtual found at http://www.ksde.org/Agency/Division-of-Learning-sment-Services/CSAS-Home/Graduation-and-Schools-of-formation-For-Alternative-and-Adult-Learners . The statutory rning plan" could also include extended learning opportunities such on, performing groups, internships, community service, rk.)
I (we), the undersigned, hereby	y give written consent to allow Name of Student, who is [16]
[17] years of age, to be exempt from the	ne Kansas compulsory attendance requirement and state we have
attended the final counseling session c	onducted by USD No in which the above information was
presented to us.	
Signature of Student	Signature of Parent(s) or Person Acting as Parent
Date	Date

JDD REPORT TO STAFF OF EXPULSIN OR CONVICTION

JCAC <u>Interrogation and Investigations</u> (See EBC, GAAD, JCABB, JCEC and JHCAA)

JCAC

Building administrators, school security officers, and/or others designated by the superintendent may conduct investigations and question students about violation of school rules, the student conduct code, and/or law. Unless otherwise provided herein, such investigators shall not be required to contact the student's parent, guardian, or representative prior to questioning and may request law enforcement, school resource officer(s), and/or school security officer(s) for assistance in conducting the investigations.

If there is reason to believe a violation of a criminal law has been committed, the building administrator, the superintendent's designee, and/or school security officer with authorization of the or the superintendent's designee shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency of criminal conduct as provided in law and/or board policy and may request further investigation of the alleged violation.

When a school resource officer or campus police officer initiates an investigation of a potential violation of criminal law by a student on the officer's own initiative and not at the behest of a building administrator or the designee of the superintendent, such officer will notify the building administrator and will make a reasonable attempt to contact the student's parent, guardian, or representative prior to initiating questioning.

Coordination with Law Enforcement

School administrators and/or school security officers shall/may meet periodically with local law enforcement officials to discuss the district's policies and rules regarding law enforcement contacts with the district.

JCAC <u>Interrogation and Investigations</u>

JCAC-2

Notification of Investigations Conducted by Law Enforcement Officers

When law enforcement officers initiate an investigation involving questioning of a student on a topic unrelated to a report of child abuse or neglect or to the identity of the student during school hours, the building administrator shall make a reasonable attempt to contact a parent, guardian, or representative of the student(s) prior to such questioning. Notification or attempted notification of a parent, guardian, or representative shall be documented by the administrator involved. If a student's parent, guardian, or representative is not present during such questioning of a student, the principal may be present unless otherwise specified in law or board policy.

Child Abuse and Identity Investigations Conducted by Law Enforcement Officers

The administration shall cooperate with law enforcement officers who are conducting investigations of suspected child abuse or neglect or concerning the student's identity. For any investigations concerning known or suspected child abuse or neglect, school staff shall follow the procedures outlined in board policy GAAD instead of the requirements of this policy.

Law Enforcement Initiated Investigations at School

In cases not involving the investigation of known or suspected child abuse or neglect or involving the student's identity, law enforcement officers shall not be permitted to initiate and conduct investigations involving the questioning of students during school hours unless the student's parent or guardian has given the school permission to allow the questioning, a valid warrant has been presented to the building administrator for such purpose, or in

JCAC <u>Interrogation and Investigations</u>

JCAC-3

demonstrated emergency situations. If a demonstrated emergency is found, the building administrator shall require identification of law enforcement officials and reasons for the interrogation or investigation of a student. If the building administrator is not satisfied with either the identification or the reason, the request shall not be granted. The building administrator shall attempt to notify the superintendent and the officer's superiors of the reasons for the refusal.

Taking Students Into Custody

Students shall not be voluntarily released by school officials to law enforcement authorities unless the student has been placed under arrest or taken into custody by law enforcement, school resource officers, campus police officers, or Department for Children and Families ("DCF") authorities pursuant to a child abuse investigation. Except as otherwise specified in this policy, a reasonable effort shall be made to notify the student's parent, guardian, or representative when students are removed from school for any reason. Parents shall not be notified by school officials when their child is taken into custody by DCF, school resource officers, campus police officers, and/or law enforcement as a result of allegations of abuse or neglect. Except as provided above and/or as specified in a court order or arrest warrant, if a student is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer, school resource officer, or campus police officer, building administrators shall make a good-faith effort to contact the student's parent or guardian. Notification efforts shall be documented.

When a student has been taken into custody or arrested on school premises without prior notification to the building administrator, the school

REPORT TO STAFF OF EXPULSIN OR CONVICTION JDD

Interrogation and Investigations **JCAC**

JCAC-4

staff present shall ask the law enforcement officer to notify the building

administrator of the circumstances as quickly as possible and shall themselves

contact the building administrator with any information they have regarding the

child being taken into custody. School resource officers and campus police

officers are expected to contact the building administrator as soon as practicable

after taking a student into custody.

Disturbance of School Environment

Law enforcement officers may be requested to assist in controlling

disturbances at school and, if necessary, to take students or other persons into

custody.

Definition

For the purposes of this policy, "campus police officer" is a school

security officer employed by and designated by the board to aid and supplement

law enforcement agencies of the state, city, and county in which the school district

is located.

For the purposes of this policy, students will not be deemed to be "taken

into custody" when they are being questioned by a school resource officer, school

security officer, and/or campus police officer about a violation of state law,

county resolutions, city ordinances, board policy or regulation, and/or school

rules on property owned, occupied, or operated by the school district or at the

site of a function sponsored by the school district.

Approved: August 15, 2018

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JDD REPORT TO STAFF OF EXPULSIN OR CONVICTION

- Sample Form -

Retype to suit local needs, remove from policy book, and file with the clerk and principals. Form could also be included in staff or student handbooks.

Report to Staff Member USD ____

Pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6143, administrative, professional or paraprofessional employees of a school who have information that a pupil has engaged in the following shall report the information and the identity of the student to the superintendent. The superintendent shall investigate the matter, and, if it is determined the student has been involved in the following, the superintendent shall provide information and the identity of the pupil to all employees who are involved, or likely to be directly involved, in teaching or providing related services to pupil:

- 1. Any student who has been expelled for conduct which endangers the safety of others;
- 2. Any student who has been expelled for commission of felony type offenses;
- 3. Any student who has been expelled for possession of a weapon;
- 4. Any student who has been adjudged to be a juvenile offender and whose offense, if committed by an adult, would constitute a felony, except a felony theft offense involving no direct threat to human life;
- 5. Any student who has been tried and convicted as an adult of any felony, except theft involving no direct threat to human life.

You are notified that _____, within the past 365 days, has been expelled, adjudged or convicted for an activity listed above.

School District staff are required by both Federal Law and K.S.A. 72-6311 to protect the right of privacy of any student under the age of 18 and the student's family regarding personally identifiable records, files, data, and information directly related to the student and his/her family. I acknowledge this responsibility and agree that I will disclose the above information only to other USD ____ employees and officials. Violation of these privacy rights could include sanctions up to and including termination.

Signed:_	
	School employee who receives the report
Signed:_	
-	Administrator or school employee making report

JDDB REPORTING CRIMES TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

JDDA <u>Drug-Free Schools</u> (See GAOB, JGFGB, JGFGBA, and LDD) JDDA

Maintaining drug-free schools is important in establishing an appropriate learning environment for the district's students. Unless otherwise specified in this policy, the possession, use, sale, distribution, and/or being under the influence of illicit drugs, controlled substances, and/or alcohol by students at school, on or in school property, or at school sponsored activities or events is prohibited.

Possession, use, and/or being under the influence of a controlled substance by a student for the purposes of this policy shall only be permitted if such substance was:

- Obtained directly from, or pursuant to a valid prescription or order, issued to such student from a person licensed by the state to dispense, prescribe, or administer controlled substances;
- In the case of use or possession, approved and administered, if administered at all, in accordance with board policy JGFGB and/or board policy JGFGBA; and
- 3. Used, if at all, in accordance with label directions.

Student Conduct

As a condition of continued enrollment in the district, students shall abide by the terms of this policy.

Students shall not manufacture, sell, distribute, dispense, possess, use, and/or be under the influence of illicit drugs, controlled substances, or alcoholic beverages at school, on or in school district property, or at any school activity,

JDDB REPORTING CRIMES TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

Drug-Free Schools JDDA

JDDA-2

program, or event. Any student violating the terms of this policy will be reported

to the appropriate law enforcement officials, and will be subject to: expulsion

as a consequence for violation of JDDA.]

Students who are suspended or expelled under the terms of this policy will

be afforded the due process rights contained in board policies and Kansas statutes,

K.S.A. 72-6114, et seq. Nothing in this policy is intended to diminish the ability

of the district to take other disciplinary action against the student in accordance

with other policies governing student discipline. If a student agrees to enter and

complete a drug education or rehabilitation program, the cost of such program

will be borne by the student and his or her parents.

A list of area drug and alcohol counseling and rehabilitation programs,

along with names and addresses of contact persons for the programs, is on file

with the board clerk. Parents or students should contact the directors of the

programs to determine the cost and length of the program.

A copy of this policy will be provided to all students and the parents of all

students. Parents of all students will be notified that compliance with this policy

is mandatory.

Approved: Approved: August 15, 2018

JDDB REPORTING CRIMES TO LAW ENFORCEMENT

- Sample Form -

Retype to suit local needs, remove from policy book, and file with the clerk and principals. Form could also be included in staff or student handbooks.

	Report to Local Law Enforcement	
USD	USD	

Pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6143, the administrator or other school employee whose signature appears below is reporting the following crimes.

{Briefly describe each incident and the person/s involved in felonies, misdemeanors and weapons}

Date	School/Location	Student/s or Person/s Involved	Brief Description
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			

			required dents und	•			K.S.A.	72-0311	ιο	protect	tiic
privacy	rights of	stu	dents und	CI	the age c	71 10.					

Signed:_					
-	Administrator or other school employee.				
cc:	Superintendent of Schools, USD Student/s file				

JDDC REPORT TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT (BULLYING)

USD 434 Bullying Plan

(Also see **Policies** GAAE and JDDC)

Bullying means: Any intentional gesture or any intentional written, verbal, electronic, or physical act or threat either by any student, staff member, or parent towards a student or by any student, staff member or parent towards a staff member that is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive that it creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment that a reasonable person, under the circumstances, knows or should know will have the effect of:

- Harming a student or staff member, whether physically or mentally;
- Damaging a student's or staff member's property:
- Placing a student or staff member in reasonable fear of harm; or
- Placing a student or staff member in reasonable fear of damage to the student's or staff member's property.

Bullying also includes cyberbullying. "Cyberbullying" means bullying by use of any electronic communication device through means including, but not limited to, e-mail, instant messaging, text messages, blogs, mobile phones, pagers, online games, and websites.

Additionally, bullying means any form of intimidation or harassment prohibited by the board of education of the school district in policies concerning bullying adopted pursuant to K.S.A. 72-6147 or subsection (e) of K.S.A. 72-1138, and amendments thereto. USD 434 will not tolerate these actions by students, staff, or parents.

For the purposes of this plan and its authorizing policies, "parent" includes a biological, adoptive, or stepparent; guardian; custodian; or other person with authority to act on behalf of a student.

Similarly, a "staff member" means any person employed by the district.

Any act of bullying by either an individual student or group of students towards a student or staff member of the district is prohibited on or while utilizing school property, in a school vehicle, or at school-sponsored activities, programs, and events. This policy applies to students who directly engage in an act of bullying, to students who, by their behavior, support another student's act of bullying, and to all staff members and parents who engage in similar behaviors.

JDDC REPORT TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT (BULLYING)

Training concerning identifying, reporting, investigating, and preventing bullying behaviors as outlined in

district policies and this plan shall be provided to students and staff members using district resources

available for such purpose and shall be provided through school assemblies, staff development, or other

appropriate forums at least {annually/biannually}.

The board or the district administration on behalf of the board may seek student, staff, parent, and/or

community input on the adoption, revision, and/or implementation of the board's bullying policies or plan

as directed or approved by the board.

No teacher, administrator, or school district employee shall engage in, permit, or tolerate bullying.

Retaliation against a victim, good faith reporter, or a witness to bullying is prohibited. A student or staff

member who engages in an act of bullying, reprisal, retaliation or false reporting of bullying, shall be

subject to discipline in accordance with school district policy and procedures. The school administration

and/or board may take into account the following factors when determining an appropriate disciplinary

action for such prohibited conduct: the ages of the parties involved; the developmental and maturity

levels, special education needs of the parties involved, and the severity of the behavior.

Discipline guidelines for student bullying may be found in student and employee handbooks. Offenses

over time or single offenses which are severe in nature may result in discipline up to and including

suspension and/or expulsion or termination from employment. Parents participating in prohibited

bullying conduct aimed at district students and/or staff members may jeopardize their access to district

facilities; district property; school sponsored activities, programs, and events; and/or district students

and/or staff members through the district's communication systems. As appropriate, reports to local law

enforcement will be filed to report criminal bullying behaviors. (See Policies EBC, GAAC, GAACA,

JGEC, JGECA and KN)

Approved: August 15, 2018

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JDDC REPORT TO LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT (BULLYING)

- Sample Form -

Retype to suit local needs, remove from policy book and file with the clerk and principals. Form could also be included in staff or student handbooks.

Report to Local Law Enforcement USD 434

Pursuant to Kansas law, the administrator or other school employee whose signature appears below is reporting the following crimes.

Briefly describe each incident and the person/s involved in a misdemeanor or felony behavior at school, on school property, or at a school activity.

Date	School/Location	Student/s or Person/s Involved	Brief Description of bullying incident/s.
1.			
2.			

c/superintendent, USD ___; c/student's file/employee's file as allowed by applicable negotiated language

Administrator or other school employee

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DHBonded Employees

DIC Inventories

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Multi-State Purchasing Pools

DJEELocal Purchasing

DJEFRequisitions

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DJEJ.....Payment Procedures (See DJEG and DJFAB)

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JGFG.....Student Accidents

Records

JGFGBSupervision of Medications (See JGFGBA) **JGFGBA**Student Self-Administration of Medications (See JGFGB) Student Eligibility Authorization Required **Employee Immunity** Waiver of Liability Additional Requirements **JGFGBB**Accommodating Students with Diabetes JGGTransportation (See ED and EDDA) JGHSchool Food Service Programs Free or Reduced Price Meals Contracts with Other Agencies JGHB......Vending Machines and Other Automated Play Machines (See DK and JGCA) JHStudent Activities (See DK, JGFB, JM and KG) Eligibility for Activities Adding or Eliminating Activities **Activity Fund Management** JHCStudent Organizations Student Clubs Non-School Sponsored Student Clubs Student Government JHCA.....Student Publications (See KI) **School-Sponsored Student Publications** Non-School Sponsored Student Publications Advertisements JHCAA.....Gang Activity (See JCAC, JCDA, JCDBB and JDD) JI.....Community Activities JJEmployment of Students (See IDAA) In-School Employment **Outside Employment** Vocational or Other Work Experience JKSolicitations (See KI) JL.....Gifts (See DK, GAJ and KH)

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Faculty Gifts to Students

Student Organization Gifts to the School

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JM	Contests for Students (See JH)
JN	Awards
JQ	Exceptional Students (See IDCE and JBE)
	Concurrent Enrollment
JQA	Temporarily Disabled Students (See IDACB and JGFGBA)
JQE	Alternative Arrangements for Nontraditional Students
JQI	Adult Students
JQKA	Foreign Exchange Students (See JBC)
JQL	Hearing Procedures for Exceptional Students
JQLA	Class-size/Caseload Limits for Exceptional Students
JR	Student Records (See BCBK, CN, CNA, ECA, IDAE, JGGA, JR <u>et seq.</u> and KBA)
JRA	Types of Records (See BCBK, CN, CNA, ECA, IDAE, JGGA, JR <u>et seq.</u> and KBA)
	Permanent Student Records
	Administrative records
	Supplementary records
	Tentative records
JRB	Release of Student Records (See BCBK, CN, CNA, ECA, IDAE, JGGA, JR et seq. and KBA)
	Directory Information
	Forwarding Pupil Records
JRC	Disposition of Records (See BCBK, CN, CNA, ECA, IDAE, JGGA, JR <u>et seq.</u> and KBA)
JRD	Hearing Request (See BCBK, CN, CNA, ECA, IDAE, JGGA, JR et seq. and KBA)
JS	Student Fees and Charges
	Credit Card Payments
	Fee Schedules
	Debt Collection

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Forwarding Pupil Records